

Route 99 Retail Feasibility Study

Submitted: June 21, 2013

By: New River Valley Planning District Commission

For: Town of Pulaski



Disclaimer

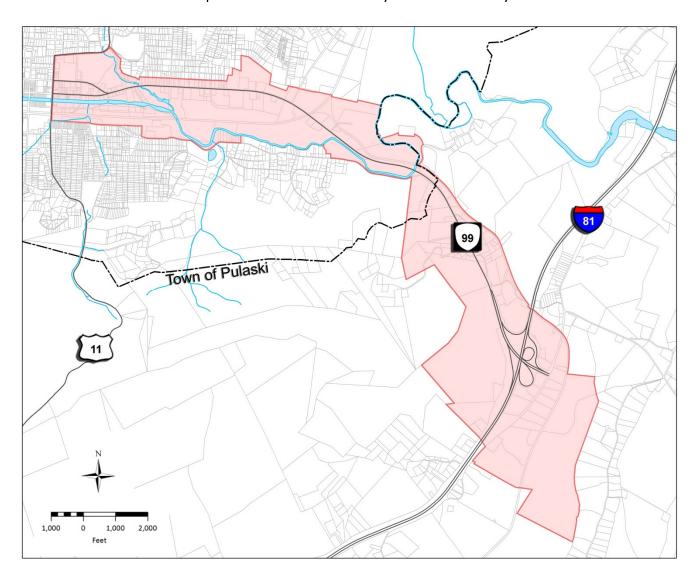
This report was prepared by the staff of the New River Valley Planning District Commission through funding assistance received from the Federal Highway Administration (FHA), United States Department of Transportation (USDOT), and the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) through VDOT's Rural Transportation Planning Assistance Program.

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Section 1 - Existing Conditions Analysis

n July 2012, the Town of Pulaski requested a special study to determine the feasibility of retail development along the Route 99 corridor. The study is intended to compliment the 2012 Retail Leakage and Surplus Analysis report developed by Buxton and the 2012 Preliminary Engineering Report developed by Anderson and Associates.

To determine potential opportunities along Route 99, the Planning District Commission worked closely with key Town staff to collect relevant information. The information collected was used to evaluate existing conditions such as: location of existing retail, undeveloped parcels, transportation system, existing market share of the Route 99 corridor, and the proximity of other businesses. The map below illustrates the study area for this analysis.



1.1 Composition of Existing Retail

urrently over 80% of the Town of Pulaski's retail sales tax revenue is generated along the Route 99 Corridor. The composition of existing retail includes a mixture of chain and locally owned businesses. Most of the development along Route 99 was constructed in the late 80s and early 90s. There are currently a limited number of modern structures.

Public water and sewer is currently available within existing town limits and can support redevelopment opportunities. Developers have

recently inquired about opportunities outside of town limits, particularly within the vicinity of I-81's Exit 94 interchange. The lack of public sewer and other existing characteristics currently limit development opportunities around the interstate.

Route 99 Bob White Blvd & Route 11 Combined 81%

Town's Retail Sales Revenue

1.2 Transportation and Housing

Over 90% Route 99 is located within 3-miles of I-81's Exit 94 interchange. Gas, food, and lodging facilities within 3-miles of the interstate are eligible to participate in the Virginia Logo Signing Program (www.virginialogos.com). Nearly 40,000 vehicles pass by Exit 94 and local businesses each day along I-81. In addition to I-81, the New River Trail is also located within the project area. The Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation estimates that the New

Over 300 Homes are located within a ¼ mile (less than a 10 minute walk) from Route 99.

River Trail State Park is the 2nd most visited State Park in Virginia – generating over 1,000,000 visitors each year.

The section of Route 99 between Route 11 and Bob White Boulevard features existing sidewalk; however, over 300 homes are located within a ¼ mile (less than a

10 minute walk) from Route 99 and do not have supporting bicycle or pedestrian infrastructure. In addition, the current terminus of the New River Trail is 0.3 miles away from the town's existing pedestrian network. The close proximity of businesses, homes, and the New River Trail creates a need to provide non-motorized transportation connections.

1.3 Demographics and Area Information

he Town of Pulaski, located west of Interstate 81 in Virginia's New River Valley, is home to 9,134 people. The town has a relatively high population density, nearly 1,150 people per square mile. Pulaski offers unique opportunities and attractions within the town and immediate vicinity. The town is also known for adaptive re-use of historical structures that helps preserve community character and support new businesses. Some of the most popular attractions include:

- New River Trail State Park and Dora Trail
- Historic Calfee Park, home of the Pulaski Mariners minor league baseball team
- Gatewood Reservoir
- Jefferson National Forest
- Pulaski Railroad Station
- New River Valley Fine Arts Center
- Pulaski Theatre
- The Raymond F. Ratcliffe Memorial Museum
- Numerous historical districts that feature Victorian styled architecture

There are nearly 1.150 people per square mile in the Town of Pulaski.

The median family income within the Town of Pulaski is \$34,326 with a cost of living index of 82.5 (city-data.com). Following is a summary of demographic and economic characteristics for the Town of Pulaski, Pulaski County, and a comparable town, Marion, in Smyth County, Virginia:

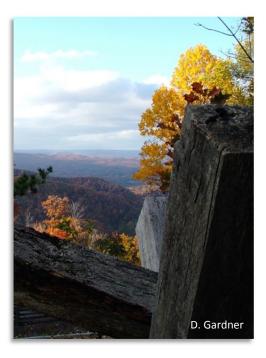
	TOWN OF PULASKI	PULASKI COUNTY	MARION, VA
Population 2011	9,134	34,900	5,936
Households	3,914	14,884	2,363
Median Household Income	\$30,859	\$40,987	\$31,470
Median Family Income	\$34,326	\$50,571	\$41,743
Median Age	39.7 Years	43.6 Years	42.0 Years
Accommodation and food	\$9,306,000	\$40,707,000	\$15,396,000
services sales, 2007			
Retail Sales, 2007	\$99,750,000	\$317,286,000	\$138,213,000
Retail sales per capita, 2007	\$11,055	\$9,062	\$23,055
Persons Per Square Mile	1,150	109	1,448

^{*}Source: American Community Survey 2007-2011 Estimates and Census State and County Quickfacts

Section 2 - Exploring Potential Opportunities

he Town of Pulaski recently worked with a consultant (Buxton) to prepare a Retail Leakage Report. The report examined quantitative data to identify potential retail opportunities. The report indicated the town exceeded consumer demand in hardware stores, clothing accessory stores, limited service eating places, and general merchandise stores. Although the report indicated a variety of potential opportunities, five were selected based on staff feedback for scenario development in this report:

- 1. Full Service Restaurant/Drinking Place
- 2. Fuel Service Station + Convenience Store
- 3. Sporting Goods/Hobby Store
- 4. Warehouse Club/Super Store
- 5. Hotel/Motel



The Town of Pulaski also worked with a local engineering firm (Anderson & Associates) to complete a Preliminary Engineering Report. The report was prepared to help the Town determine potential costs associated with extending sanitary sewer services beyond town limits – out to Exit 94 on I-81. The report provided potential alignments, capacity, and cost estimates. Anderson & Associates also developed a table to project potential water and sewer demand for the five opportunity sectors (shown below).

Description	Projected Size ¹ & Traffic Volume	Water/Sewer ² Consumption	Projected ³ Water/Sewer Demand
Shopping Center/Retail I	130,000 sf	250 gpd/1,000 sf	32,500 gpd
Gasoline Service Station w/ Convenience Store	1,300 vehicles/day 2,800 sf	10 gpd/vehicle 250 gpd/1000 sf	13,700 gpd
Restaurant	200 seats	180 gpd/seat	36,000 gpd
Shopping Center/Retail II	70,000 sf	200 gpd/1000 sf	14,000 gpd
Hotel/Motel	100 rooms	130 gpd/room	13,000 gpd

¹ Building sizes based on NRVPDC research, Traffic Volume data from Trip Generation, 6th Edition

² Unit consumption data from VDH – Waterworks Regulations and VDEQ – SCAT Regulations

³ Average daily for revenue projections based on Anderson & Associates calculations

2.1 Site Selection

n order to identify opportunity sites, parcels adjacent to Route 99 were evaluated for existing businesses, and potential for commercial development or redevelopment. The Corridor was broken into four Quadrants: (1) Downtown Area, (2) Eastern Pulaski Area, (3) Transition Area, and (4) Interchange Area. Each segment was evaluated independently for potential retail feasibility opportunities. The maps shown on pages 6 – 10 illustrate opportunities within each segment.

After potential opportunities were identified along the corridor, conceptual scenario sketch plans were developed for two locations. Scenario Development Area 1 is predominantly located in Quadrant 1 (Downtown Area) and demonstrates potential redevelopment opportunities. Scenario Development Area 2 is predominantly located in Quadrant 4 (Interchange Area) and demonstrates new development opportunities. Conceptual Scenario Development Areas are shown on pages 12 – 15 and are intended for planning purposes only.

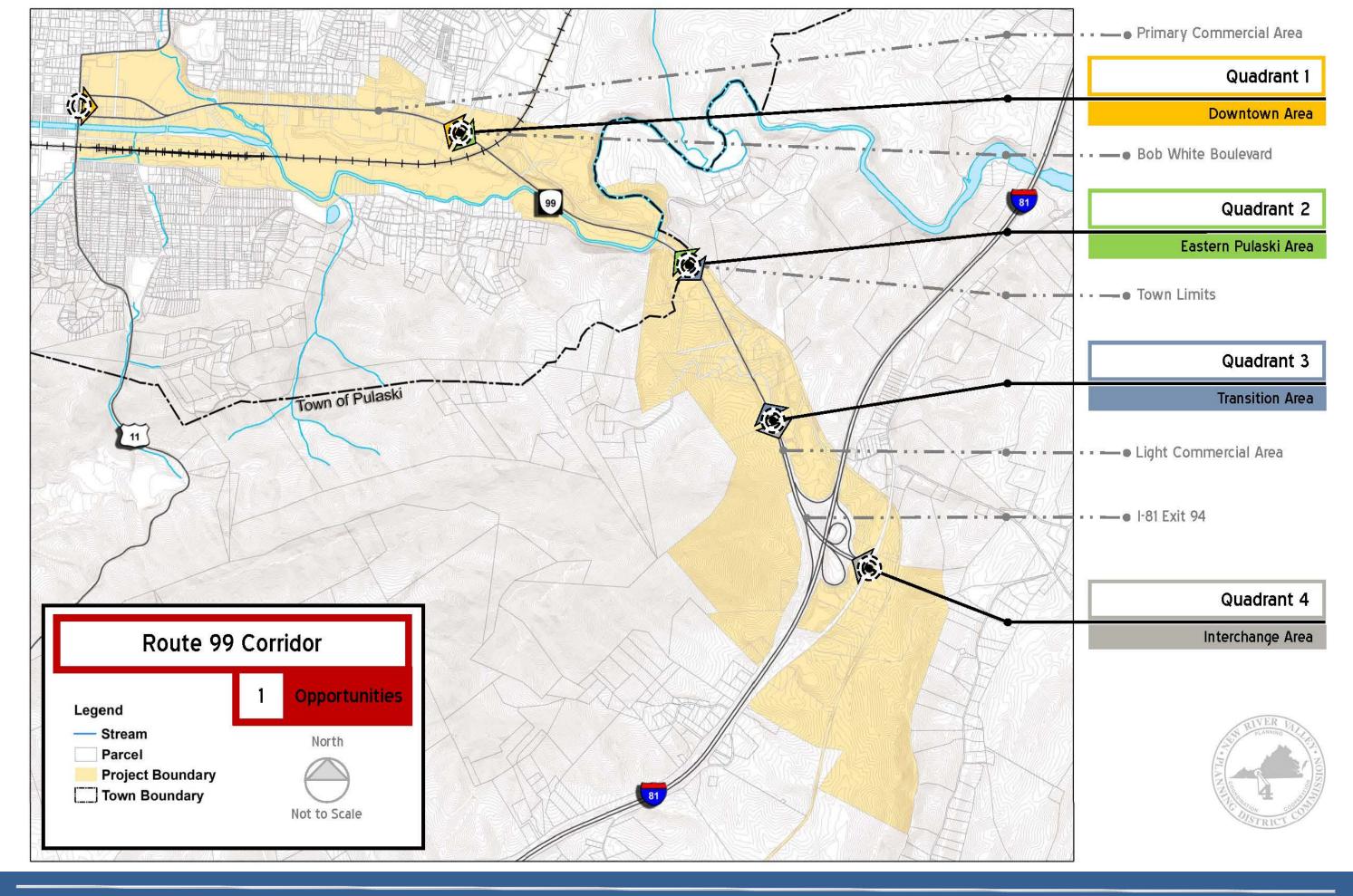
Quadrants 2 (Eastern Pulaski Area) and 3 (Transition Area) are important linkage segments; however, topography limits commercial development. Although opportunity sites were identified, the opportunities were often limited to a single site that may not support more robust development. Based on limited development possibilities, the recommendations to the Eastern Pulaski and Transition Areas are limited to landscaping, gateway/wayfinding signage, and lighting improvements. Some examples are shown below.

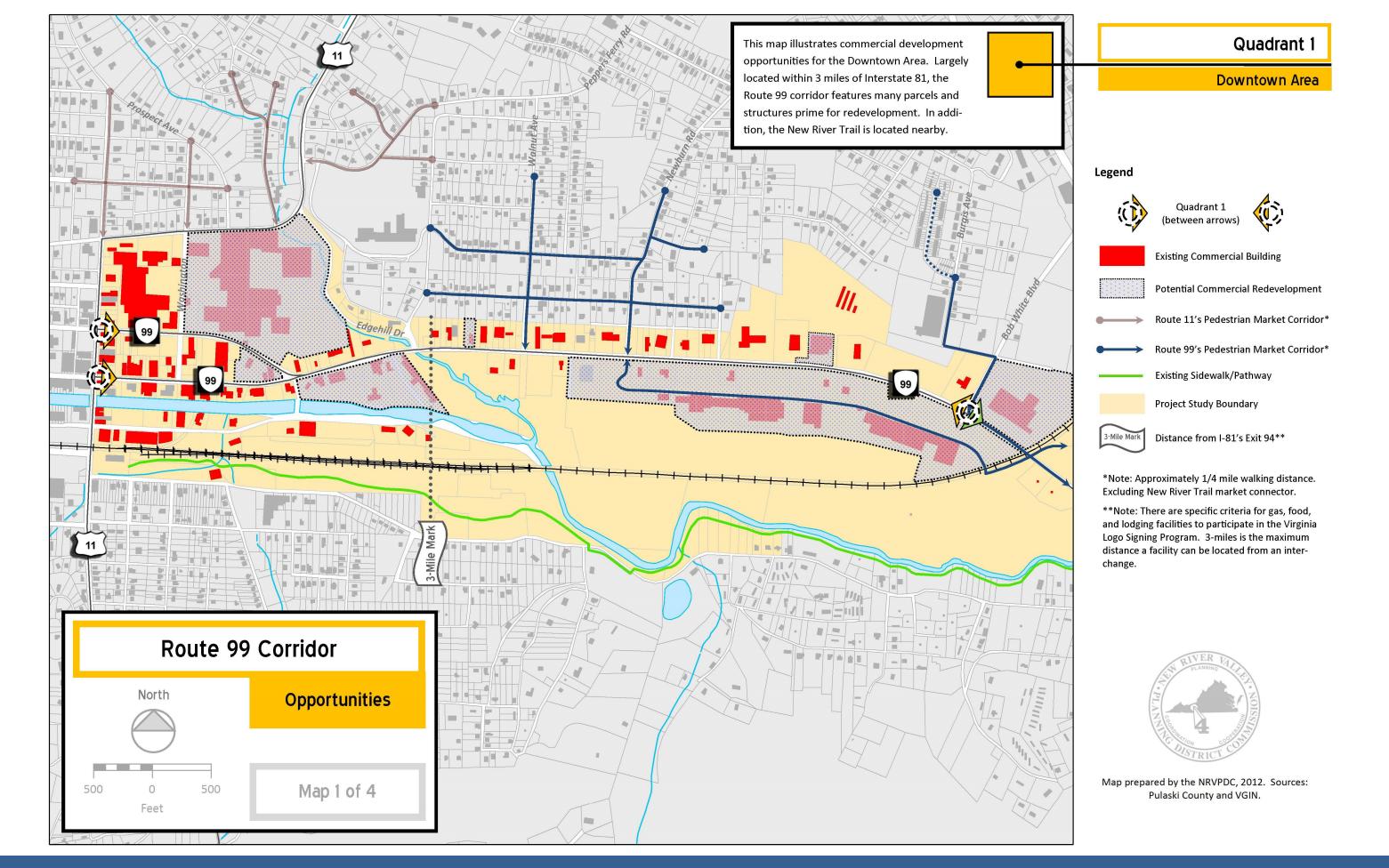


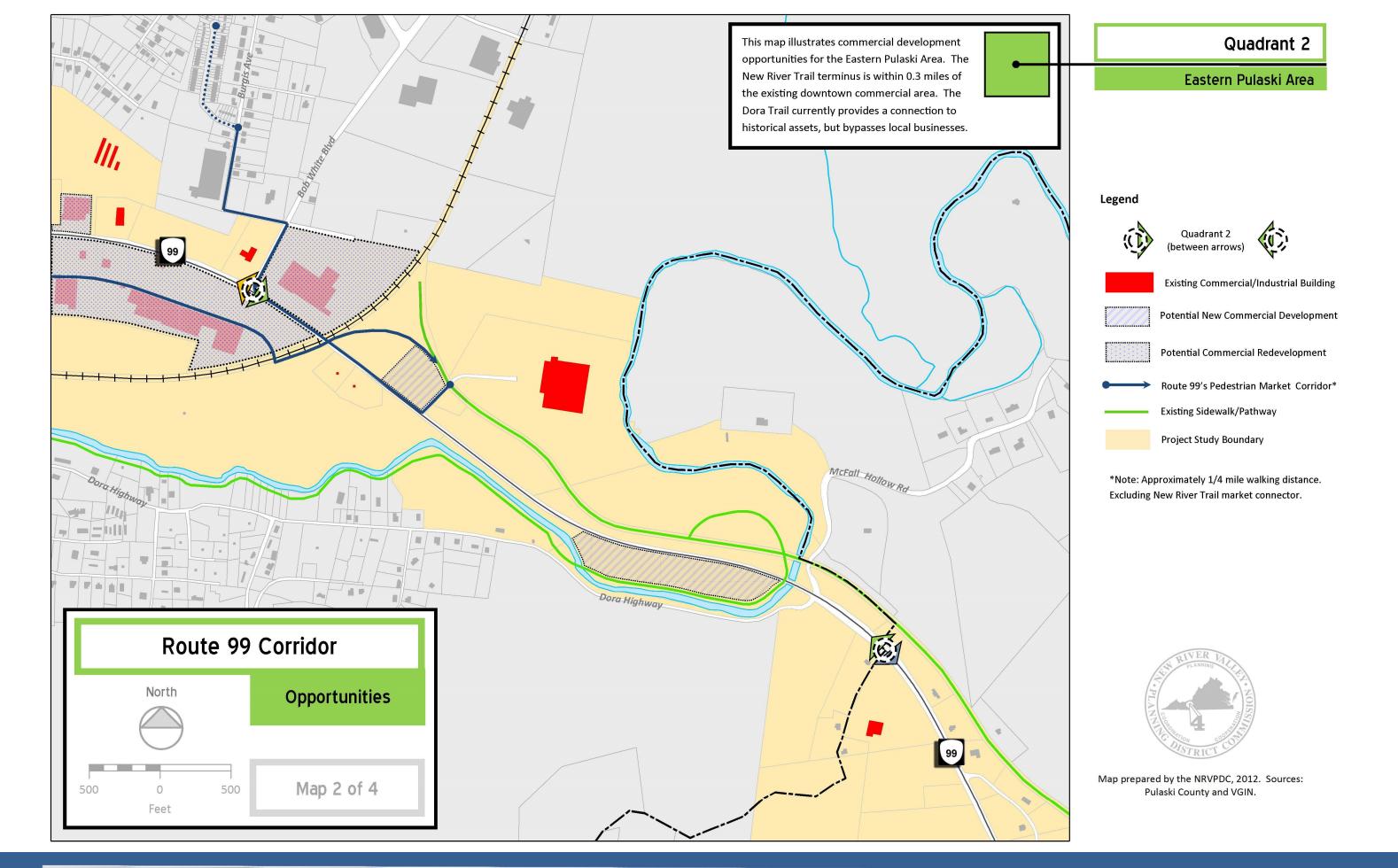


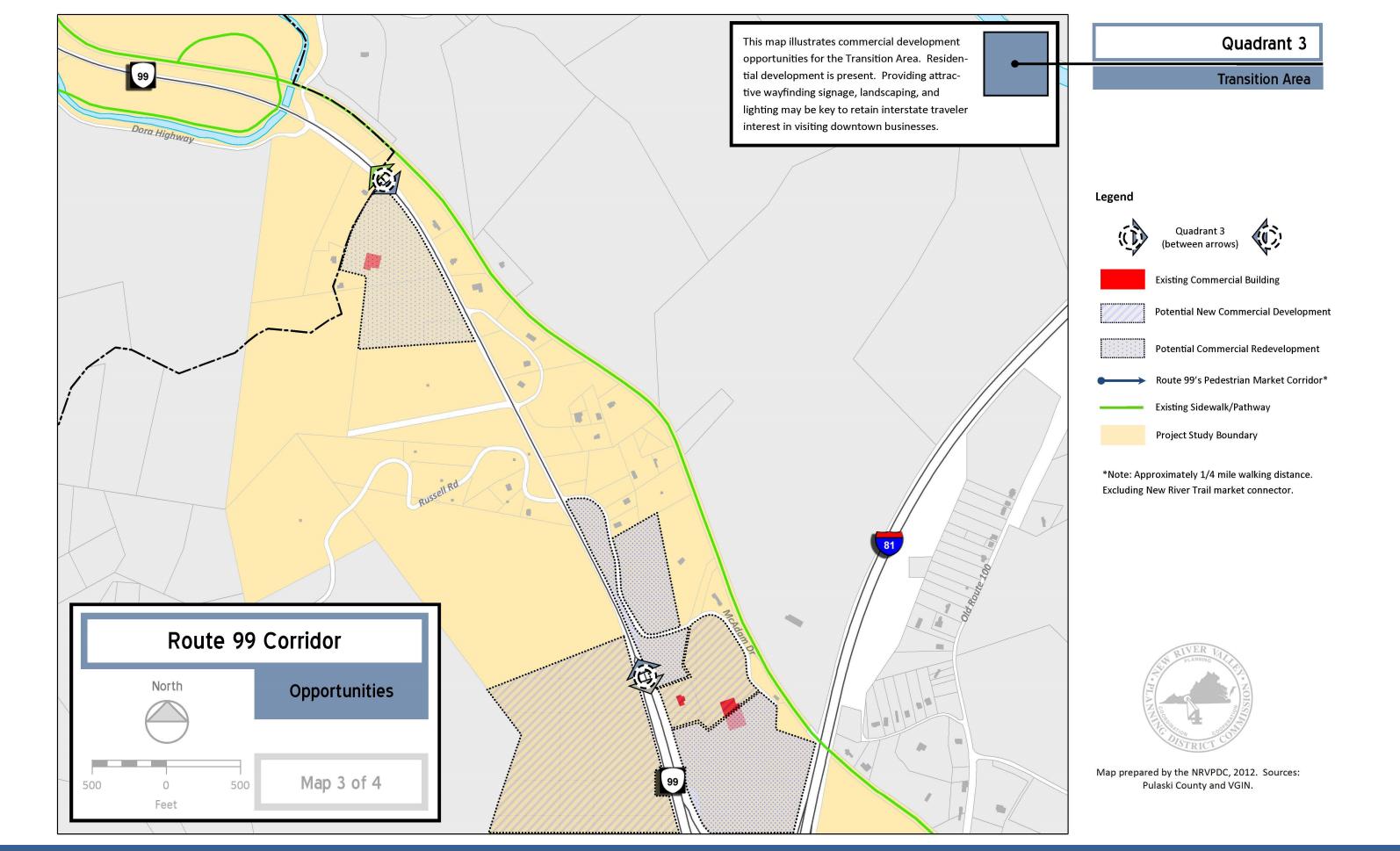


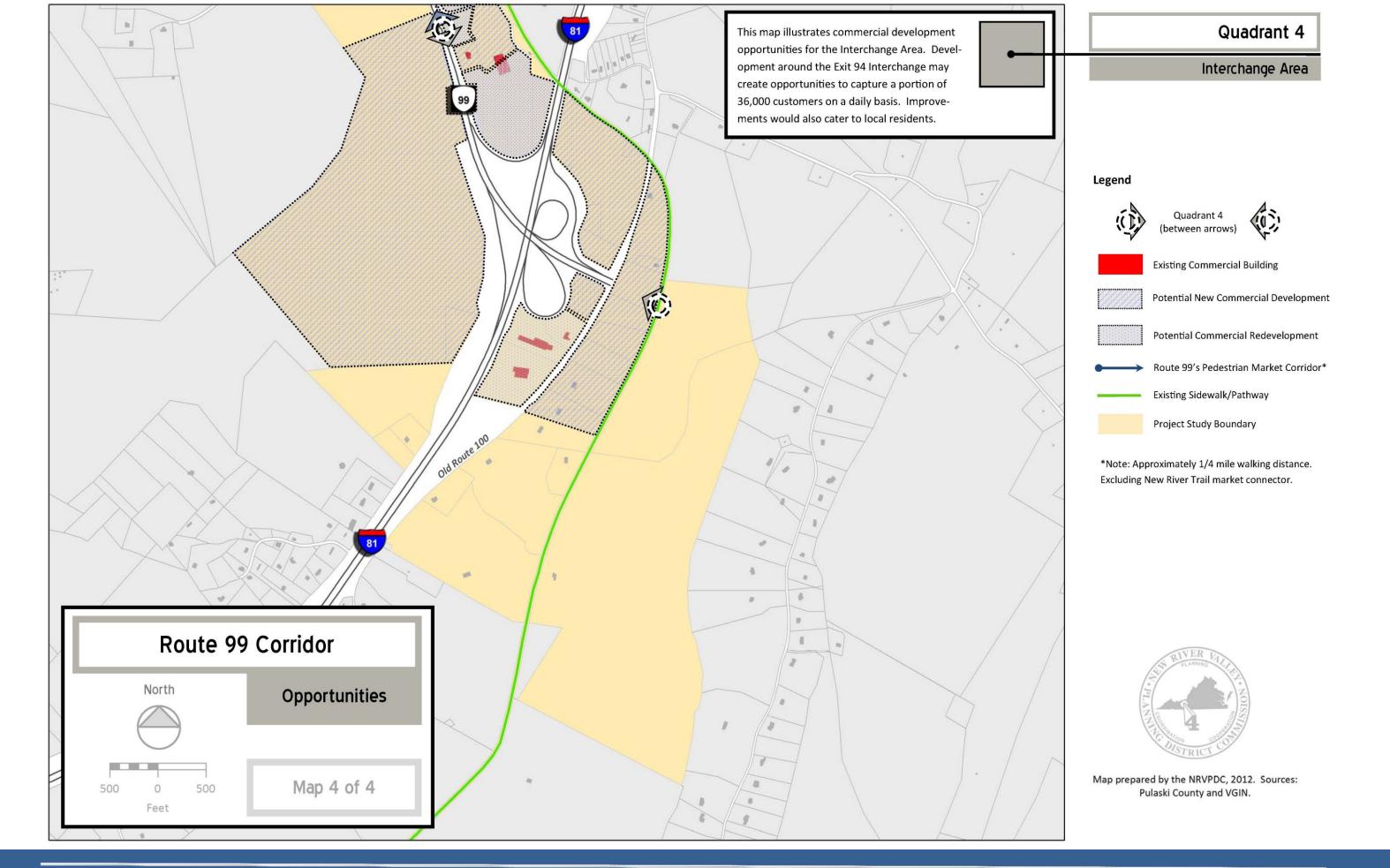












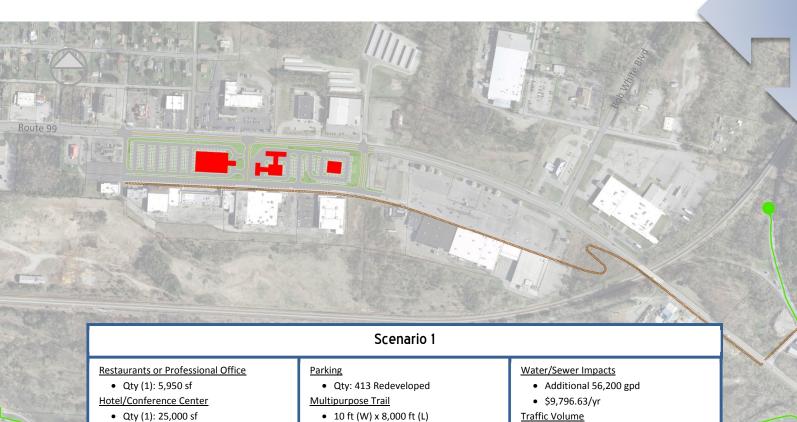
Section 3 - Conceptual Scenario Development Area 1

he first conceptual scenario development area is comprised of existing commercial parcels near the intersection of Route 99 and Bob White Boulevard. The area is currently served by public water and sewer infrastructure, is within close proximity to the New River Trail, within 3-miles of Exit 94, and offers a mix of residential and commercial land uses.

First, each scenario is based on one of three different intensities of development. Second, the quantity of anticipated utility usage and traffic volume increases are calculated. The final conceptual plan is intended to help the town determine the feasibility of economic development and supporting infrastructure opportunities. Conceptual scenarios for the downtown area are illustrated in Section 3 of this study.

Map Legend

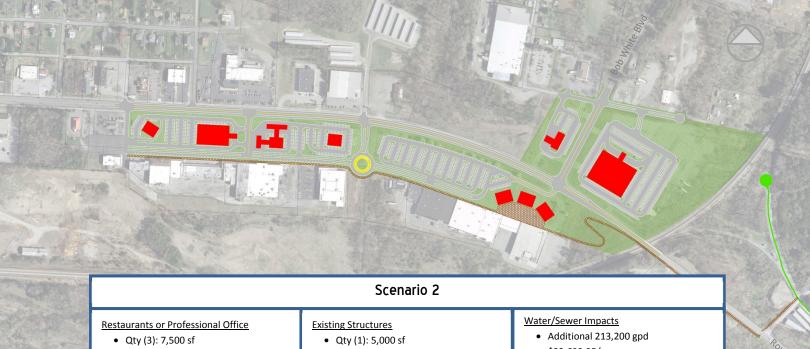




Gas Station

• Qty (1): 5,525 sf

• Additional 2,150 vpd



• Qty (2): 5,950 sf

Hotel/Conference Center

- Qty (1): 25,000 sf
- Qty (1): 50,000 sf

Gas Station

• Qty (1): 5,525 sf

Parking

- Qty: 1215 Redeveloped
- Qty: 55 New

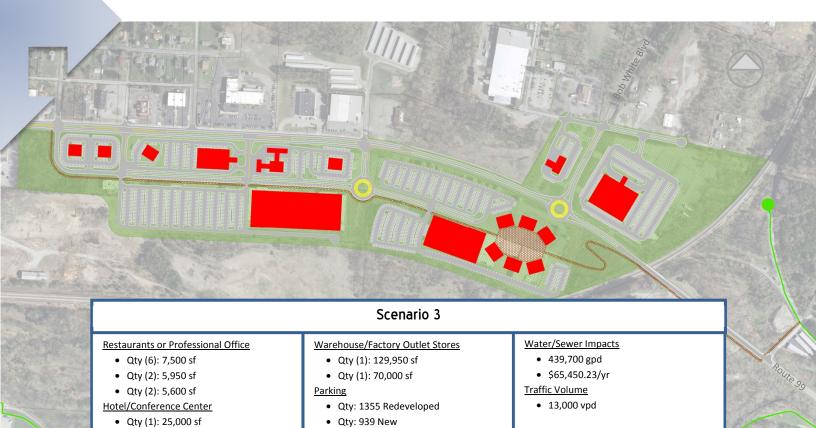
Multipurpose Trail

- 10 ft (W) x 8,000 ft (L)
- 25,000 sf Pedestrian Plaza

• \$32,693.95/yr

Traffic Volume

• Additional 5,400 vpd



Multipurpose Trail

• 10 ft (W) x 8,000 ft (L)

• 50,000 sf Pedestrian Plaza

• Qty (1): 50,000 sf

• Qty (1): 5,525 sf

Gas Station

Section 4 – Conceptual Scenario Development Area 2

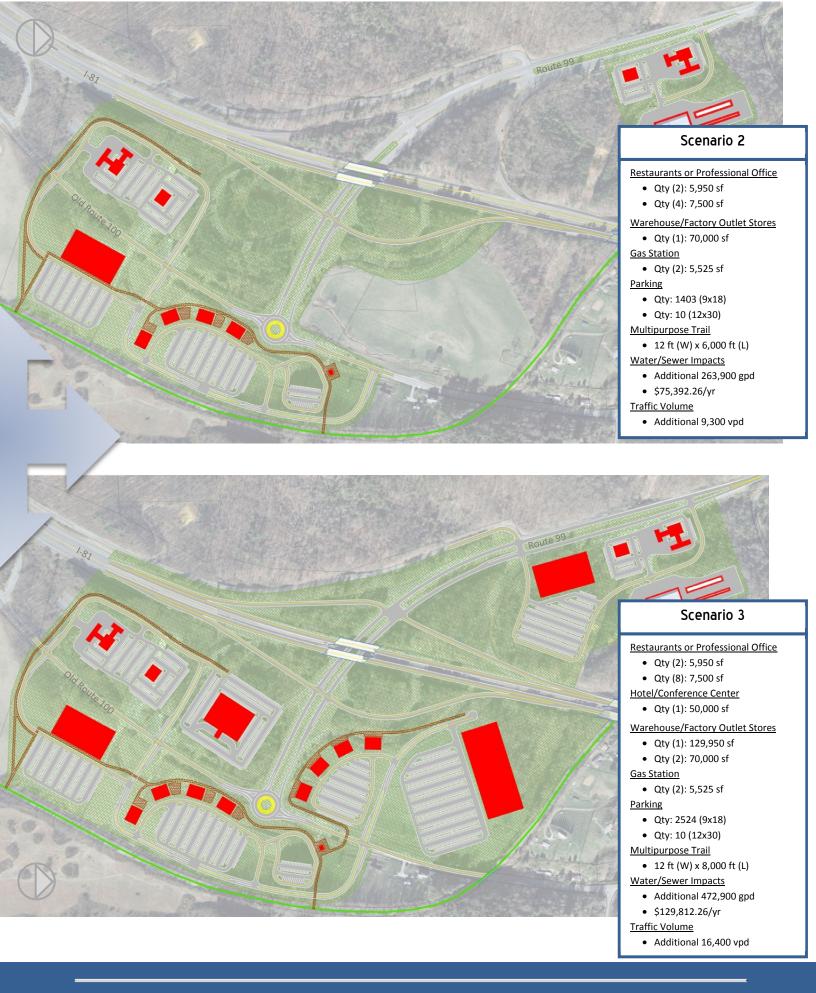
he second conceptual scenario development area is comprised of existing parcels located adjacent to the I-81 Exit 94 Interchange. Parcels adjacent to Exit 94 have access to public water; however, do not have access to public sewer. Land use is currently mixed between agricultural, light commercial, and residential uses. The vicinity of the interchange and close proximity of the New River Trail may encourage additional commercial development.

First, each scenario is based on one of three different intensities of development. Second, the quantity of anticipated utility usage and traffic volume increases are calculated. The final conceptual plan is intended to help the town determine the feasibility of economic development and supporting infrastructure opportunities. Conceptual scenarios for the interchange area are illustrated in Section 4 of this study.

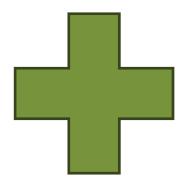
Map Legend







Section 5 - Key Takeaway Points



$oldsymbol{\mathsf{A}}$ dvantages $oldsymbol{\mathsf{L}}$

- 80% of town's retail sales = Route 99
- Proximity of New River Trail State Park
- Proximity of Interstate 81
- Existing water & sewer infrastructure
- Potential redevelopment opportunities in downtown
- Potential for new development around interchange

Challenges _

- Water & sewer infrastructure limited to town
- Aging retail space
- Floodplain within downtown quadrants
- Topography limits new development around interchange
- Risks of investing public funding into:
 - Transportation System (Interchange)
 - Water & sewer infrastructure
 - Redeveloping retail properties

